

**Musculoskeletal Institute of Louisiana**  
**Orthopedic Specialists of Louisiana • Pain Care Consultants**

**Consent for MRI Intravenous Contrast**

Name \_\_\_\_\_ DOB \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

This examination requires an intravenous injection of gadolinium. This contrast media has been shown to have lower incidence of severe adverse reactions. Identified below are guidelines recommended by the American College of Radiology.

Have you ever had MRI Contrast? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Did you have any problems/reactions? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, describe what happened? \_\_\_\_\_

Medications presently taking \_\_\_\_\_

Allergies \_\_\_\_\_

**DO YOU HAVE?**

Allergy to BENADRYL?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Liver Disease/Liver Transplant	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Allergy to STEROIDS?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Diabetes	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
High Blood Pressure	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Seizures	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Kidney or Renal Disease	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Asthma/Hay Fever	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Sickle Cell Anemia	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Are you Pregnant? LMP _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

My doctor has requested this MRI study to be done with a contrast agent, which will be injected into my vein. The agent is promptly excreted by the kidneys where it is emptied from the body upon urinating. Because the compound is paramagnetic, it is visible on the MRI scan and permits a detailed analysis for the physician to evaluate your condition.

Although the procedure is generally safe, a very small number of people will be sensitive to the drug, I understand that a small number of patients may, after injection, have a localized feeling of warmth, and may occasionally have coldness, burning, substernal chest pain, fever or hypotension. However, these symptoms occur in less than 1% of the patients. These are mild symptoms and usually pass quickly. Serious complications such as fall in blood pressure, shock, shortness of breath, convulsions and renal failure have occurred.

Patients who have kidney disease who are given a gadolinium-based contrast agent may have a very small risk of developing a very rare disease called Nephrogenic Systemic Fibrosis (NSF). We screen all patients with criteria recommended by the American College of Radiology to avoid giving MRI contrast to those at potential risk for developing NSF. NSF is associated with thickening and tightening of the skin and scarring. To date this disease has only been found in patients with kidney disease, and the vast majority, if not all, have severe kidney disease.

In the event you have a medical emergency while in the MRI suite, our in house physician will be contacted. After thorough examination if our physician deems necessary we will call EMS. If you do not want to be transported to the hospital for further evaluation, we reserve the right to terminate the exam and your MRI will be rescheduled to a later date.

**\*\*Charges for Emergency Treatment including transfer via EMS to a hospital are the sole responsibility of the Patient\*\***

I have read and understand the information as stated above. I also have been given post contrast instructions. I have been given the opportunity to ask questions regarding any information on these forms.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patient Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Tech Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**Office Use Only**

Type of Contrast \_\_\_\_\_ Mfg \_\_\_\_\_

Time of Injection \_\_\_\_\_ Amount \_\_\_\_\_ ml Injected intravenously in \_\_\_\_\_ vein (right/left)

Lot Number \_\_\_\_\_ Expiration date \_\_\_\_\_

Tech \_\_\_\_\_ Complications \_\_\_\_\_